An introduction to GNUmed



- Electronic Health Care Records (EHCRs)
- Problem Oriented Medical Record Paradigm (POMR)
- Open Source
 Software (OSS)
- OSS in Health Care
- GNUmed

Electronic Health Care Records

- Health Care Record
- Electronic Health Care Record
- Data in the EHCR
- Benefits of using EHCR Systems
- Clinical encoding systems
- EHCR architecture
- Electronic Data Interchange
- EHCRS requisites

Health Care Record

- The total amount of data pertaining to one single patient
- Paper
- Different files, locations...

Electronic Health Care Record

- Comprehensive copy of the HCR +
- Digital stored
- Multiple formats and locations

Data in the EHCR

- Context preservation
- Clinician's understanding
- Formulated in natural terms
- Allow conflicting and uncertain statements
- Allow arbitrary level of descriptions
- Permanent
- Mutable status
- Multiple paradigm support

EHCRS benefits

- Time saving
- Improved quality of treatment
- Communication with patients and professionals
- Report generation, results access...
- Support for public health and research functions

Clinical Encoding Systems

- Heavily used in EHCR Systems
- Concepts Patient data

EHCR Architecture

- HCR logical structure
- Separation between record and system requirements
- Thoroughly documented

Electronic Data Interchange

- Communication features
 - Integration of reports and other data.
 - Multiple data sources and media types support.
 - Importation/exportation from/to other systems.
- Conformance to standards

EHCRS Requisites

- Reliability
- Security
- Confidentiality
- Access control
- Authentication
- Failure tolerance
- Data integrity and availability

- Weed L. Dr. 1968
 - Problem list
 - Data base
 - Initial plan
 - Progress notes (SOAP)

- Weed L. Dr. 1968
 - Problem list
 - Clinically relevant events and factors
 - Data base
 - Initial plan
 - Progress notes (SOAP)

- Weed L. Dr. 1968
 - Problem list
 - Data base
 - Problem specific information
 - Patient complaints
 - History taking
 - Physical examination
 - General information
 - Routine laboratory tests...
 - Initial plan
 - Progress notes (SOAP)

- Weed L. Dr. 1968
 - Problem list
 - Data base
 - Initial plan
 - Further diagnostic information
 - Patient monitoring
 - Therapy
 - Education
 - Progress notes (SOAP)

- Weed L. Dr. 1968
 - Problem list
 - Data base
 - Initial plan
 - Progress notes (SOAP)
 - Subjective
 - Objective
 - Assessment
 - Plan

Open Source Software

- What is?
- Development model
- How much costs?
- Who supports it?
- Benefits
- Risks

OSS. What is?

- Software that comes with the source code.
- The source code ca be modified, resold, given away to others.
- Customer constructed software

OSS. Development Model

- Traditional software depends on any central authority that takes decisions.
- Open model:
 - The efforts of developers and users are coordinated through Internet.
 - Feature decisions are proposed, discussed and somehow agreed by collaborative and decentralized means.
 - The development team gets enriched with multiple kind of contributions (not only code)

OSS. How much co\$t?

- Nothing:
 - To 'buy'
 - To 'use it'
- What you want to invest ... to make it better:
 - Contribution time
 - Financial support

OSS. Who supports it?

- The users themselves...
 - By working on the software
 - Contracting someone to do it

OSS. Benefits

- Lower software costs
- More flexibility
- More reliable products
- Better standardization and long term stability
- Faster pace of innovation
- New projects can be built on it
- Data not 'hidden away' in propietary formats
- Increased security

OSS. Risks

- Projects failure
 - Similar for proprietary software
- No deadline driven
 - When depending on anticipated enhancements
 - Customers can manage it by participation in the open source project

OSS in Health Care

- Reference implementations of medical record standard (openEHR, UMLS)
- Lower costs (license, implementation, support)
- Complete control over the software and data
- Independence of any software company strategy or failure

GNUmed

- What is?
- Who is for?
- What is not?
- What computer systems will it run on?
- License
- What might it cost to run?
- Architecture
- What can do for me today?
- On the WWW

GNUmed. What is?

- Software solution for paperless medical practice
- Developed by practicing doctors, programmers and free software enthusiasts
- Flexible, supporting adaptation to several countries
- Based in PostgreSQL, Python, wxWindows

GNUmed. Who is for?

- General practice
- Comprehensive care departments
 - General internists
 - Pediatricians

T ...

- Network environments / single computer
 - Rural, disadvantages areas
 - Limited economic resources

GNUmed. What is not?

- GNUmed is not currently intended for use in hospitals
- Interface well with hospital information systems
- May be suitable for some hospital departments
 - Hospital associated general ambulatory care

GNUmed. Computer systems

- GNU/Linux
- Other UNIX variants
- Mac OS X
- Microsoft Windows

GNUmed. License

- GNU General Public License (GPL)
 - You can use, copy, modify and redistribute free software
 - The source code must be provided/accessible
 - The modified software is required to be covered by the GPL

GNUmed. How much to run?

- First deploy
 - Installation, configuration and troubleshooting
 - Training and support for your office staff
 - Improving, adaptation to local or specific needs
- Once functioning
 - Usual maintenance
 - Coordination with other GNUmed based medical practices

GNUmed. Architecture

- Overview
- GNUmed EHCR

GNUmed. Architecture overview

- Client-server architecture
- Optional middleware components
- Distributed database services
- Stable, robust and extremely well designed data base
 - Table normalization
 - Data integrity
 - Audit trailing
 - Authentication, secure communication

- Health Issue
 - Several Episodes
 - Several encounters
 - Several items

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What can do for me today?

- Login
- Workspace
- Patient management
- Vaccination status
- Progress notes and EHRC
- Medical documents
- Lab results

GNUmed. Login

- By selecting one of the available user defined profiles:
 - 'gnumed at localhost'
 - Host: localhost
 - Port: 5432
 - Data base: gnumed
- User/password authentication
 - User: any-doc
 - Password: any-doc

GNUmed. Workspace

- Plugins are auto-discovered and loaded during startup
- Enviroment information on main window's title
- Plugins are activated from menu bar and notebook tabs
 - Allergies, request, vaccinations, BMI, BDC, XDT, guidelines, STIKO, demographics editor

GNUmed. Patient management

- Patient search and selection (by last names)
- Activate a particular plugin for that patient
- Import patient from German-style XDT file (BDT/GDT)

GNUmed. Vaccination status

- Display indications, active regimes and missing vaccinations
- Display administered vaccinations for a selected indication
- Display details for an administered or missing vaccination
- Enter administered vaccination
- Generate vaccination status table (ascii exporter tool)

- Load and browse EMR tree
 - Health issue -- episode -- encounter
- Display information associated with the selected EMR element
- Pop up episode contextual menu with planned actions
- Export to text file (using ascii exporter tool)

GNUmed. Progress notes

- Load multisash based notes input plugin
- Display patient's problem list
- Create progress note for an episode
- Create unassociated progress note
- Create progress note for issue
 - Episode selection
 - Episode creation

GNUmed. Medical documents

- Scan from paper
- Import from disk
- Associate with a patient
- Display on screen

GNUmed. Laboratory tests

- Create new lab request (German style)
- Display lab request history
- Import lab data result files (German style)
- Display import errors
- Sign off as yet unreviewed lab results
- Display lab results for a patient

GNUmed. On the WWW

- Project home
 - http://www.gnumed.org
- Community wiki (users and developers)
 - http://salaam.homeunix.com/twiki/bin/view/ Gnumed/
- German community
 - http://www.gnumed.de